

Archers Of Bridlington & Burton Agnes



Calling The Shots In East Yorkshire

Breaking Confidentiality in Safeguarding & Mental Health Issues

There are some cases where the need to break confidentiality is essential, the below are examples where this may occur.

■ There is Immediate Danger

If a person has clearly told you that they plan to take their life, or has already taken action which puts their life in danger, but does not want to seek support themselves and does not give you their consent to do so – **Call 999**

• The person is physically present and is experiencing a crisis

Act immediately to get them support – **Contact their Emergency contact or a Mental Health professional**

The person is planning something that will put others at risk

If a person talks of harming themselves that could also impact on others, for example stepping in front of a train – **Call 999**

• The person is under 18

In these situations the child's welfare should come first, so report to your club CPO/Safeguarding Officer, who will seek the relevant support – **Call 999 or seek support from NSPCC**

• There is a Safeguarding concern that may have a wider impact

For example, if someone alleges they have been abused by someone but asks you not to say anything. This would have to be reported, as it is in the public interest that it is investigated – Report to the Club CPO/Safeguarding Officer and the relevant authorities

• There is a Safeguarding issue that concerns a child

This must be reported – To the Club CPO/Safeguarding Officer and dealt with according to the Clubs Safeguarding policy